

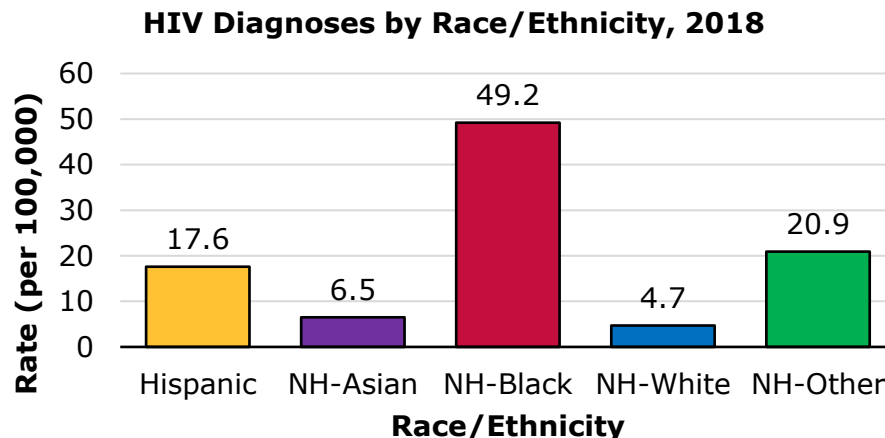


HIV BY RACE/ETHNICITY IN MARYLAND, 2018

OCTOBER 2019

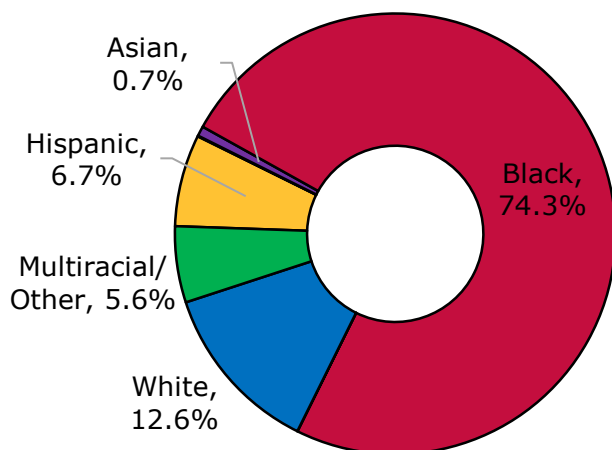
New HIV Diagnoses in Maryland

- Of the 994 reported new HIV diagnoses in 2018 in Maryland, 74.6% were among NH-Blacks and 12.6% were NH-White.
- AIDS diagnosis rates in 2018 were 4-14 times higher among NH-Blacks (26.2 per 100,000) compared to all other races.



Characteristics of Marylanders Living with HIV

Living People with Diagnosed HIV by Race/Ethnicity, 2018



- 74.3% of the 31,559 Marylanders living with diagnosed HIV (with or without AIDS) in 2018 were NH-Black.
- HIV rates are highest among NH-Blacks (1,554.6 per 100,000 people), which is 10 times higher than the NH-White rate (150.2). 1 in 64 NH-Blacks in Maryland were diagnosed with HIV.
- High HIV rates were also experienced by NH-Multiracial (1,840.0) and Hispanic (457.4) individuals, with 1 in 219 Hispanics in Maryland living with diagnosed HIV.
- 41.6% of NH-Blacks reported HET exposure, while MSM was the most common exposure among NH-White (61.7%), NH-Asian (59.3%), and Hispanic (50.6%) persons.
- Of the total Marylanders living with HIV who had a viral load test reported in 2018, viral suppression was lowest among NH-Blacks (86.0%).

NH: Non-Hispanic | **HET:** Heterosexual Contact | **MSM:** Male-to-male Sexual Contact

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<http://phpa.health.maryland.gov/OIDEOR/CHSE>

Multiple imputation was used to estimate and adjust for missing exposure category.
Data represents adults and adolescents (ages 13+) only.
Data reported through 06/30/2019 from the Maryland Enhanced HIV/AIDS Reporting System (eHARS).